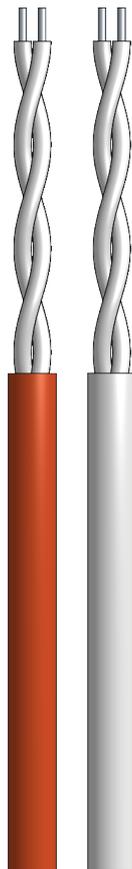


FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable Installation Guide



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Scope

The installation guide provides a comprehensive description of the FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable.

This guide introduces the FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable features, technical specifications and gives an understanding of its components and their function. You will also find instructions on installing, cabling and testing.

This guide is for anyone involved with the design, maintenance and purchasing of a FyreLine EN54 Fixed system. It is assumed that anyone using this product has the knowledge and appropriate certification from local fire and electrical authorities.

Document Conventions

The following typographic conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Description
Bold	Used to denote: Emphasis.
<i>Italics</i>	Used to denote: References to other parts of this document or other documents.

The following icons are used in this document:

Convention	Description
	Recommended guideline: Advising to do so.
	Caution: Not appropriate to do so or; care taken to avoid danger or mistakes.

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1 Important Guidelines

Please read this instruction leaflet thoroughly before commencing installation.

	Install the Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable accordingly to meet local and country installation requirements.
	FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable must be installed by a qualified professional in accordance with BS 5839-1 (or country equivalent) and IEC 60364 and authorities having jurisdiction.
	Support the detection cable at 0.3m (1ft) to 1.5m (5ft) intervals.
	Using a multimeter, test the detection cable on the reel before installation.
	Ensure the maximum ambient temperature rating of the detection cable will not be exceeded during transport, storage or normal operating conditions.
	Ensure adjacent runs of detection cable are spaced at less than or equal to the maximum approved spacing.
	Ensure the detection cable is not in contact with any material which may conduct heat onto the cable directly.
	A silicone sleeve should be placed between fixing clips and linear heat detection cable.
	Ensure any cable glands used are tightened to form a secure and moisture proof seal around the detection cable.

	Avoid allowing the detection cable to come in contact with any material which acts as a heat sink. This may delay the activation of the cable in alarm situations.
	Do not connect two lengths of detection cable which have different action temperatures.
	Do not connect lengths of fixed temperature cable in 'T' connections or spurs.
	Do not paint the detection cable.
	Do not place the detection cable under excessive tension.
	Do not bend the detection cable at right angles. The minimum bend radius is 100mm (4").
	Avoid subjecting the detection cable to mechanical damage which could result in false activation.
	Avoid laying the detection cable in areas where heavy traffic may result in the cable being crushed.

2 Overview

FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable uses fixed temperature detection technology to provide a straightforward method for sensing changes in temperature. The cable can offer alternative overheating protection in a vast range of applications and environments, from tunnels, cable trays, warehousing to sensing changes in temperature within escalators and other applications where many risks of fire are hidden from view.

FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable is a non-resettable line-type heat detector. The two twisted cores and held apart by an advanced temperature sensitive polymer. At a temperature, set by the manufacturing processes of the cable, the temperature sensitive polymer surrounding the two cores softens, allowing the cores to come into contact. This is an irreversible process and once the cable has activated, the section which has triggered must be cut out and replaced (not the whole cable).

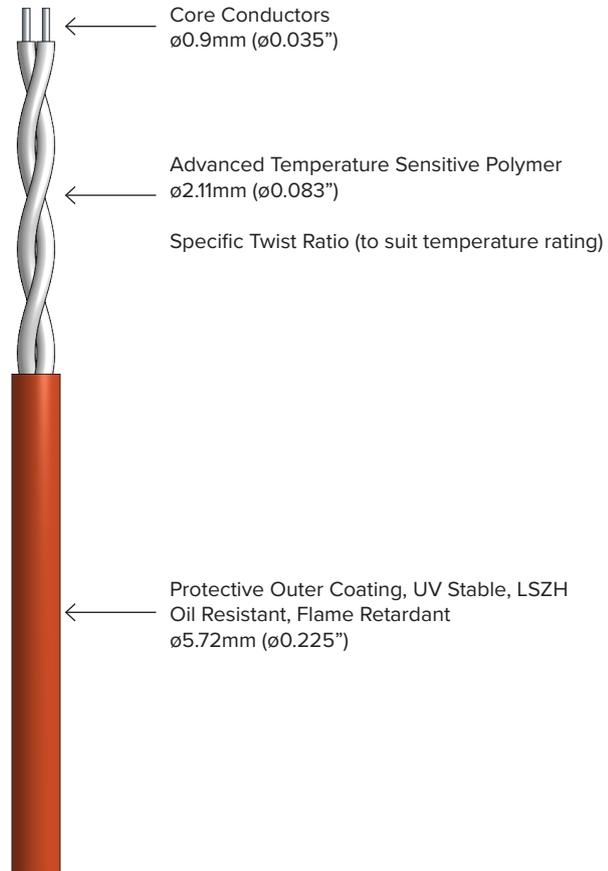


Figure 1: FyreLine EN54 Fixed LHD Cable Construction

FyreLine EN54 Fixed Controller (FLDC-EN54)

The FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable has been approved to EN54-28:2016 in conjunction with the FyreLine EN54 Fixed Controller (FLDC-EN54). The FLDC-EN54 monitors up-to two zones of EN54 Fixed LHD cable and has separate fault and alarm outputs for each zone. It is straightforward to connect the FLDC-EN54 to a conventional fire alarm panel or to an addressable system using an I/O, zone or switch monitor module. It also has a built-in display which shows the state of each zone, including the distance in metres and feet to the alarm point, if an alarm is triggered. Furthermore, an RS-485 Modbus RTU/ASCII output is available as standard for integration with a PLC or SCADA system.

3 Product Features

- EN54-28:2016 approved
- CE Marked
- RoHS compliant
- Up-to 1,000m (3,280ft) per zone (when used with the FLDC-EN54)
- Fixed sensitivity and detection along the entire length of sensor cable.
- Low smoke and halogen free, flame retardant.
- UV stable and hydrocarbon resistant.
- Optional stainless steel over-braiding for increased mechanical protection.

4 Technical Specification

Product Type	Non-resettable Line-type Heat Detector
Construction	Overall Insulated, Twisted Pair of Stainless Steel Cores
Insulation	1kV Tested Protective Outer Coatings
Additional Insulation Options	Stainless Steel Over-braiding
Approvals	EN54-28:2016, CE Marked, RoHS Compliant
Maximum Zone Length	1,000m (3,280ft) (when used with FLDC-EN54)
Wire Overall Diameter	5.72mm (0.225in)
Minimum Bend Radius	100mm (4")
Electrical	
Max Voltage Rating	49V AC, 74V DC
Resistance	Approx 1.25ohms Per Metre Per Core

4.1 Detection Temperatures & Coatings

A stainless steel outer braid is available on the entire range of FyreLine’s EN54 Fixed LHD Cable and provides extra mechanical protection to the inner detection cable without impeding on the performance of the detection cable. It is frequently installed in abrasive environments.

	FyreLine EN54 Fixed LHD Cable with Stainless Steel braiding has not been evaluated to EN54-28.
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	FyreLine EN54 Fixed LHD Cable - FLD78-EN54	FyreLine EN54 Fixed LHD Cable - FLD88-EN54
UL File No	S36489	
Model Number	FLD78-EN54	FLD88-EN54
Part Number	18-411/412/413	18-421/422/423
Description	Fixed LHD Cable, 78°C Alarm Temp, EN	Fixed LHD Cable, 88°C Alarm Temp, EN
EN54-28 Performance Type	T078-V10-A045	T088-V10-A065
EN54-28 Environmental Group	II	
Nominal Activation Temperature	78°C	88°C
Maximum Ambient Temperature	45°C	65°C
Minimum Ambient Temperature	-40°C*1	
Humidity	0% to 98% RH	
Colour	Red	White
Capacitance (per m)	<100pF	
Inductance (per m)	<3.2µH	
Resistance (per m)	Approx 2.5ohms	
Diameter	5.72mm +/- 0.12mm (0.225" +/- 0.005")	
Minimum Bend Radius	100mm (4")	
Features	Low-Smoke Zero Halogen (LSZH), UV Stable, Oil Resistant, Flame Retardant	
Chemical Resistance	These ratings are given as a guide and for constant exposure to the chemicals shown at normal (10 to 30°C)temperatures. (* - not recommended, ***** - little or no impact)	
Ammonia, Liquid / Gas	*****	
Butane	**	
Copper Nitrate	*****	
Fuel Oils	***	
Gasoline	***	
Hydrofluoric Acid	****	
Kerosene	*	
Diesel Fuel	***	
Acetic Acid	****	

Technical drawings of FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable are available upon request.

*1 Verified by UL to EN54-28:2016 Environmental Group II at -10°C.

5 Typical System Configurations

The FyreLine EN54 Fixed LHD cable is designed to work with the FyreLine EN54 Fixed Controller (FLDC-EN54) and FyreLine EN54 Fixed End of Line (FLDEOL-EN54). The FyreLine FLDC-EN54 has been specifically designed to monitor the FyreLine EN54 Fixed LHD Cable and be immune to any electro-magnetic interference that may be present in the typical applications the cable is installed into.

5.1 Typical Addressable System Wiring

PSU and Modbus connections not shown.

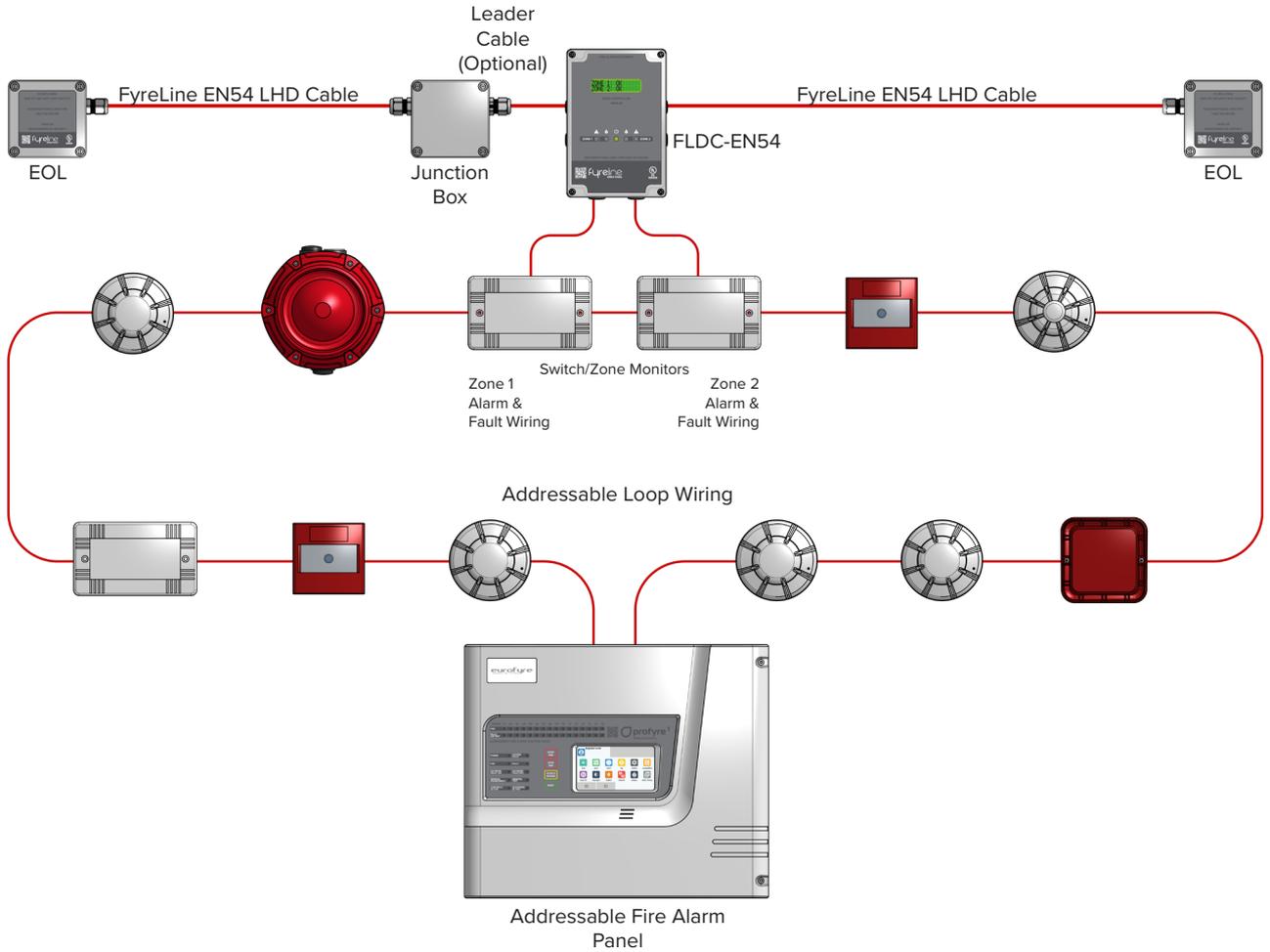


Figure 2: Typical Installation of the FyreLine EN54 Fixed Controller on a Addressable System

5.2 Typical Conventional System Wiring

PSU and Modbus connections not shown.

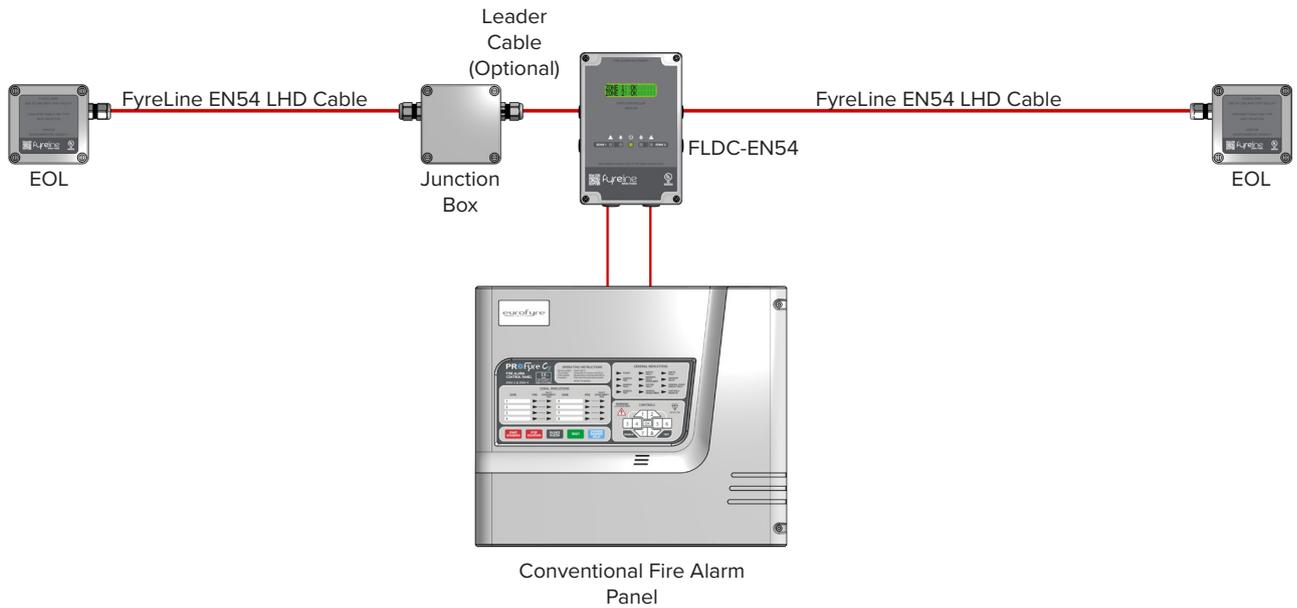


Figure 3: Typical Installation of the FyreLine EN54 Fixed Controller on a Conventional System

6 Leader Cable

An approved type of leader cable, preferably Fire Rated cable, should be used between the fire alarm control panel or addressable switch/zone monitor and the Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable. A secure waterproof (IP65 or greater) junction box must be used to connect the leader cable to the detection cable. It is recommended that leader cable with the following minimum cross sectional area (CSA) per conductor is used when using the maximum length of detection cable. Consult with the authority having jurisdiction and the fire alarm control panel manufacturer for further information.

Recommended Maximum Leader Cable Length and CSA for copper conductors (with maximum length of Linear Heat Detection Cable 1km/3.28kft).

The maximum length of leader cable that can be used per zone is dependent upon the leader cable diameter'. The following is a guideline for typical cable sizes and maximum length:

Cable Size	Max Leader Cable Length
18AWG (0.8mm dia.)	1000m (3,280ft)

7 Low Temperature Installation Considerations

Fixed temperature Linear Heat Detection cable is suitable for use in ambients down to -40°C (-40°F). Such conditions occur in cold storage freezer warehouses and outdoors for example.

Take special care when installing LHD cable in low ambients or for use in low temperature conditions careful consideration of the conditions and environment should be undertaken.

Wherever possible the LHD cable should not be installed when the ambient temperature is below -10°C (14°F). The materials within the cable will become less flexible and are more prone to damage. If the ambient temperature is likely to drop significantly after installing the cable take into account linear shrinkage of the cable when attaching support brackets. The cable can shrink in length by 1-2% at -40°C (-40°F).

A silicone pad should be placed around the cable before clipping into the support bracket. This prevents damage to the cable and reduces the heat sink effect of the clip.

The minimum bend radius of the detection cable should be increased to 150mm (6") to account for the reduced flexibility. The maximum distance between support brackets should be no more than 1m (3ft) and it is important to support the cable close to either side of any bend.

Ensure any junction boxes other enclosures are waterproof and suitable for the expected operating temperatures.

8 Installation Hardware

There are many applications where Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable is used to provide protection. Please refer to the FyreLine Linear Heat Detection Applications Guide for more information on the types of fittings which should be used. The list is not exhaustive, however, any fitting not mentioned in the Application Guide which may be used should be evaluated to ensure it is fit for purpose. Consult the authority having jurisdiction for more information.

The Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable should be adequately supported to prevent sagging. Ideally cable supports should be placed every 0.3m (1ft) and no more than 1.5m (5ft) apart. It may be necessary to place more supports around corners and other transition areas.

Care should be taken when mounting the cable in clips (or equivalent) that they are not done so tight as to crush the cable. The detection cable should be held firmly without deformation. Avoid placing excessive tension in the cable, no greater than 50N. Ensure also that the minimum bend radius is observed at all times – 100mm (4”).

It is of particular importance to use a silicone pad between the heat sensing cable and the fixing clip if the metal clip is exposed to the sun or attached to a piece of equipment which may get hot and transfer the heat to the cable. See a typical mounting configuration in the image below. Where possible, it is preferable to install the Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable in one continuous run of cable with as few splices as possible.

When pulling the detection cable from a reel, a reel stand must be used. Do not pull the cable off the reel vertically with the reel stationary as this will twist and damage the cable. A guide wire may be required for installations where supporting the cable at the recommended spacing is not practical. Ensure the diameter or gauge of the guide wire is adequate for the distance which is being spanned. Commercially available stainless steel wire with a diameter of approximately 2mm is suitable for use as a guide wire.

Connections into junction boxes and other enclosures must use strain relief connectors which provide dust and moisture protection (IP65 or greater protection). The standard diameter of detection cable is 5.72mm (0.225”). Suitable cable glands are shown below which fit an M12 standard knockout.

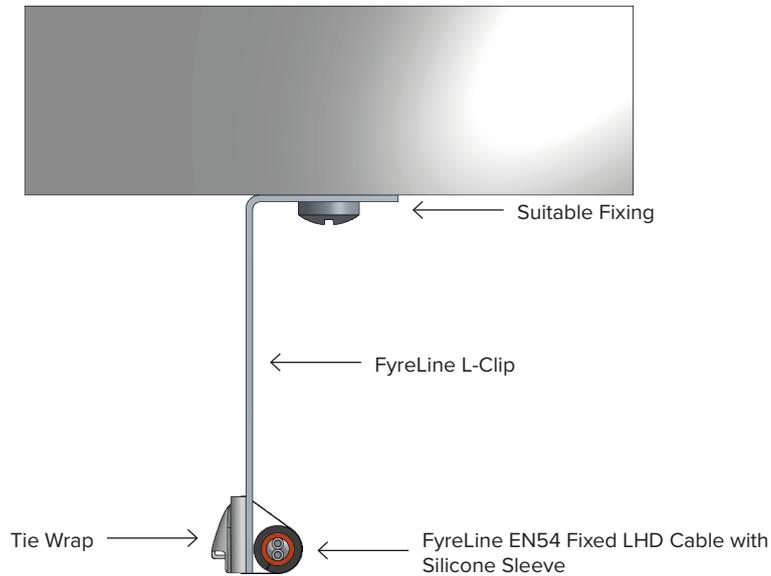


Figure 4: Typical Cable Mounting

9 Area Protection

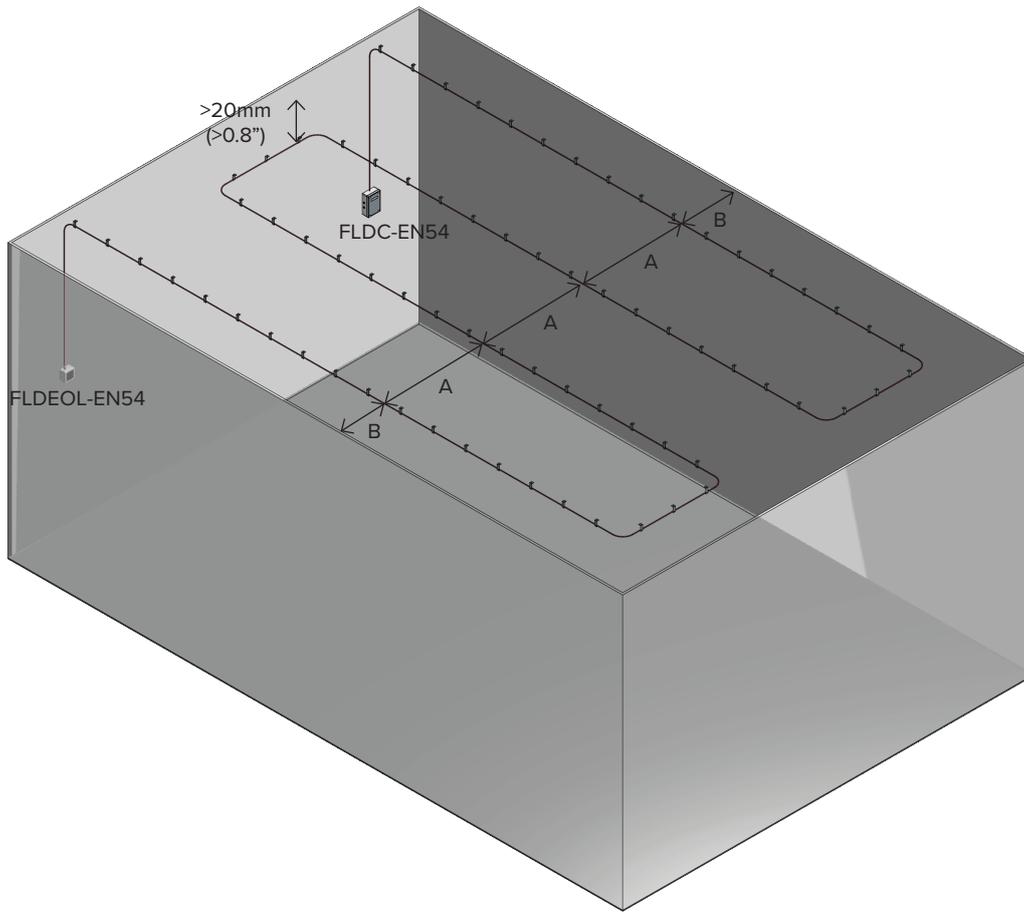


Figure 5: : LHD Spacing Guidelines

FyreLine EN54 Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable is suitable for broad or wide area detection of overheat or fire conditions, e.g. warehouses etc. The EN Fixed LHD cable should be installed with a minimum distance between the cable and the ceiling of 20mm to allow hot gases rising from an event to trigger the detection cable. Maximum support spacings should be followed (see illustration above) and the cable securely attached to the ceiling or beams. Section 22.6 of BS 5839-1 (or country equivalent) should be consulted for guidelines of installing line-type heat detectors. The main point to consider is that no point in the protected space is further than 5.3m from the nearest point on a line-type heat detector. However, this value may change for sloped ceilings and ceilings which have closely spaced structural beams, for example. For an application which has a smooth ceiling, this means the maximum spacing between runs of LHD cable is as follows:

Floor to Ceiling	Spacing Between Runs (A)	Recommended Minimum Spacing to Wall, Partition or Obstruction (B)
7.50m	10.6m	0.50m

10 Splicing

If the non-resettable Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable gets damaged or has triggered due to an overheat condition, the section can be removed and a new section spliced in its place.

Care should be taken during splicing to ensure the two core conductors do not come into contact with each other at any point and the final spliced joint is secure and made waterproof. It is recommended junction box is used, with an IP rating suitable for the environment, to join two lengths of LHD cable together. Do not solder the two cores of the LHD cable together. A secure connection should be made with DIN rail mounted terminal blocks or equivalent.

	When replacing a section of the detection cable due to an overheat condition having occurred, the section including at least 3m (10ft) either side of the known event should be replaced.
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11 Testing and Verification

Routine maintenance and checking should be carried out to ensure the Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable will function as expected and has not been damaged etc.

A visual inspection should be performed to ensure all support brackets and other aspects of the physical installation are suitable. The cable should also be visually checked for damage to the outer or inner insulation. Check to make sure the silicone pads are correctly installed around the cable in the clips.

Any joints which have been made should be checked to make sure they are secure.

Electrical tests should be carried out to determine the circuit created by the conductors is working. Remove the conductors from the fire alarm control panel or addressable switch monitor and measuring the resistance across them. The resulting value should equal the end-of-line resistance plus approximately 1250Ω/km for each leg.

To test in circuit with a fire alarm control panel or addressable switch monitor re-attach the Fixed LHD cable.

Shorting out the End of Line device should put the system into alarm. Disconnecting either leg from the end of line device should put the system into fault.

11.1 Functional Testing

Fixed Temperature Fixed Linear Heat Detection Cable is non-restorable – any section which has alarmed must be cut out and replaced. Therefore functional testing of the installed cable will not normally be carried out. However, if required, any Fixed LHD cable leftover after installation can be used to periodically perform a functional test. A 1m (3ft) section of cable should be attached between the end of the Fixed LHD cable run and the end-of-line device.

Using a suitable device heat the test length of detection cable up. Once the action temperature (including any tolerances) has been reached the system should alarm.

Ensure the test length is removed before placing the system back into normal operation.

12 Glossary

Alarm condition – A fire or overheat around the Fixed LHD cable which activates the cable and triggers the FLDC-EN54 unit.

Cable glands – Used to form a dust-proof and weatherproof seal around a cable entering the FLDC-EN54 unit.

Fixed linear heat detection cable – a sensing cable comprised of a pair of twisted low resistance conductors that fuse together at a specific temperature and induce an alarm on a fire panel or interface module.

End of line resistor – A component which allows a residual current flow through a circuit to monitor the integrity of the circuit. In the event of a break in the circuit, current will stop flowing completely and a trouble or fault signal will be triggered.

Fault condition – A break in one or both cores of the Fixed LHD cable or a malfunction of the FLDC-EN54 unit.

Independent mode – The mode on the FLDC-EN54 unit where both zones operate separately. Each zone can trigger a fault or alarm, or be in the normal state, regardless of the state of the other zone.

Interlock mode – The mode on the FLDC-EN54 unit where the alarm relay outputs will only activate when both Fixed LHD cables go into alarm. If one cable triggers but not the other, the alarm relay outputs will not be triggered.

Junction box – A secure, dust-proof and weatherproof enclosure to protect a join between two lengths of Fixed LHD cable or a length of Fixed LHD cable and leader cable.

Leader cable – A non-temperature sensing cable which transmits the signals between two components in the system, e.g. the FLDC-EN54 unit and the Fixed LHD cable. Does not provide fire detection and may be fire-rated to continue functioning even in a fire condition.

Two-wire RS-485 Modbus RTU/ASCII Communications – An industry standard, signalling protocol used to communicate information between components in a system, for example a SCADA system or PLC. Often used to provide more information to be communicated than simple open or closed status communicated by a relay output.

Zone – a single circuit of FyreLine linear heat detection cable connected across either a FyreLine FLDC-EN54 or a fire panel and an end of line resistor.

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